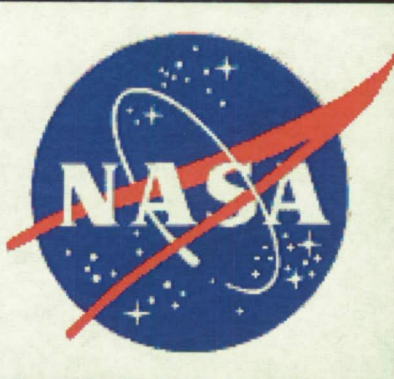




# *Kodiak Star*

## *A Success in Partnership*



*Garrett L Skrobot*  
*Flight Project Office*  
*Launch Services Program*







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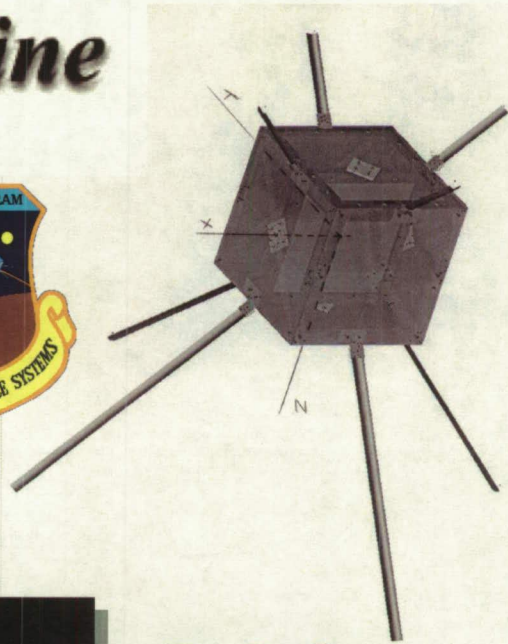
# The Mission



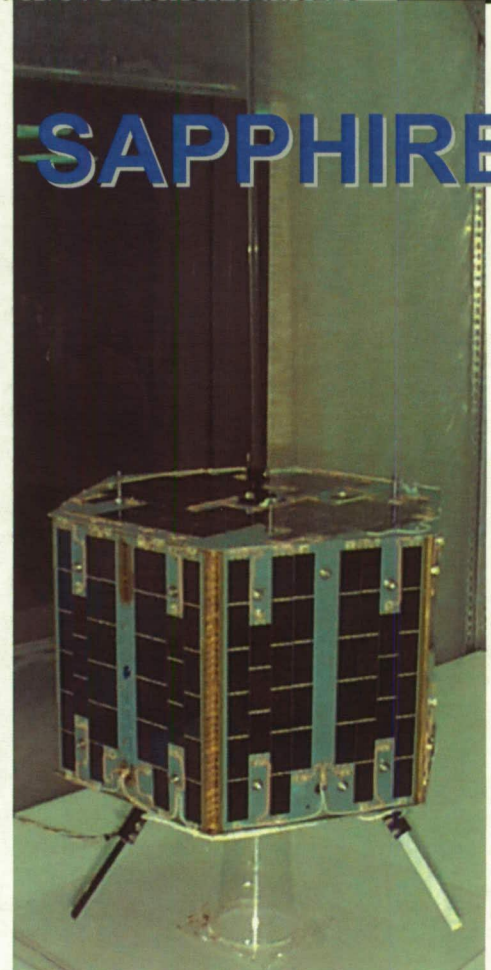
EXPENDABLE LAUNCH VEHICLES



## Project Starshine



PCSat



SAPHIRE



PICOSat

*So, How did it all get start?*





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# The Mission



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The concept for the Kodiak Star mission was developed at a *Munch & Mingle Luncheon* during the 2000 Small Satellite Conference in Logan UT.







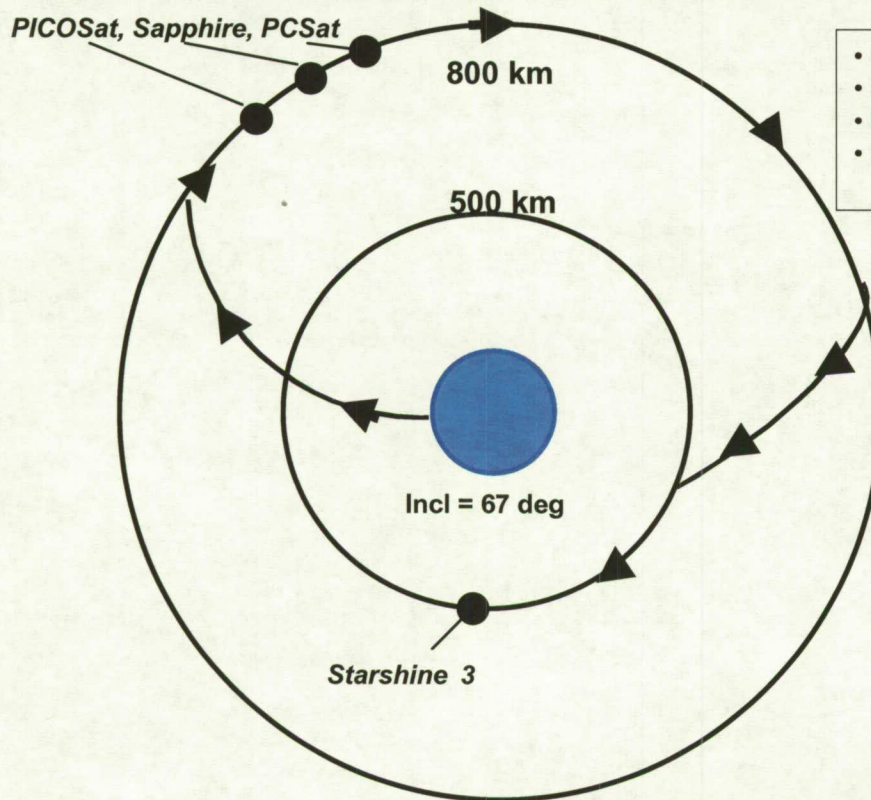
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# The Mission



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## Kodiak Star Mission Design

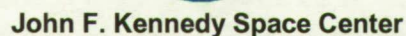


- PICOSat considered primary by USAF
- StarShine 3 considered primary by NASA
- KLC Launch - first orbital space launch
- NASA provided Range – Wallops Island

Preliminary analysis completed  
3-sigma performance reserve  
Mode sequencing and memory  
Schedule and Timelines  
Elect & Mech Interfaces

	PICOSat	PCSat	Sapphire	Starshine
Mass (kg)	67	15	22	91
Orbit Alt Range (km)	650-1100	200-1400	500-1100	?-500
Desired Orbit Alt (km)	800	1100	1100	500
Orbit Inclination (deg)	50-70	40-90	40-90	?
Desired Inclination (deg)	55	90	90	polar





## EXPENDABLE LAUNCH VEHICLES

[illegible]



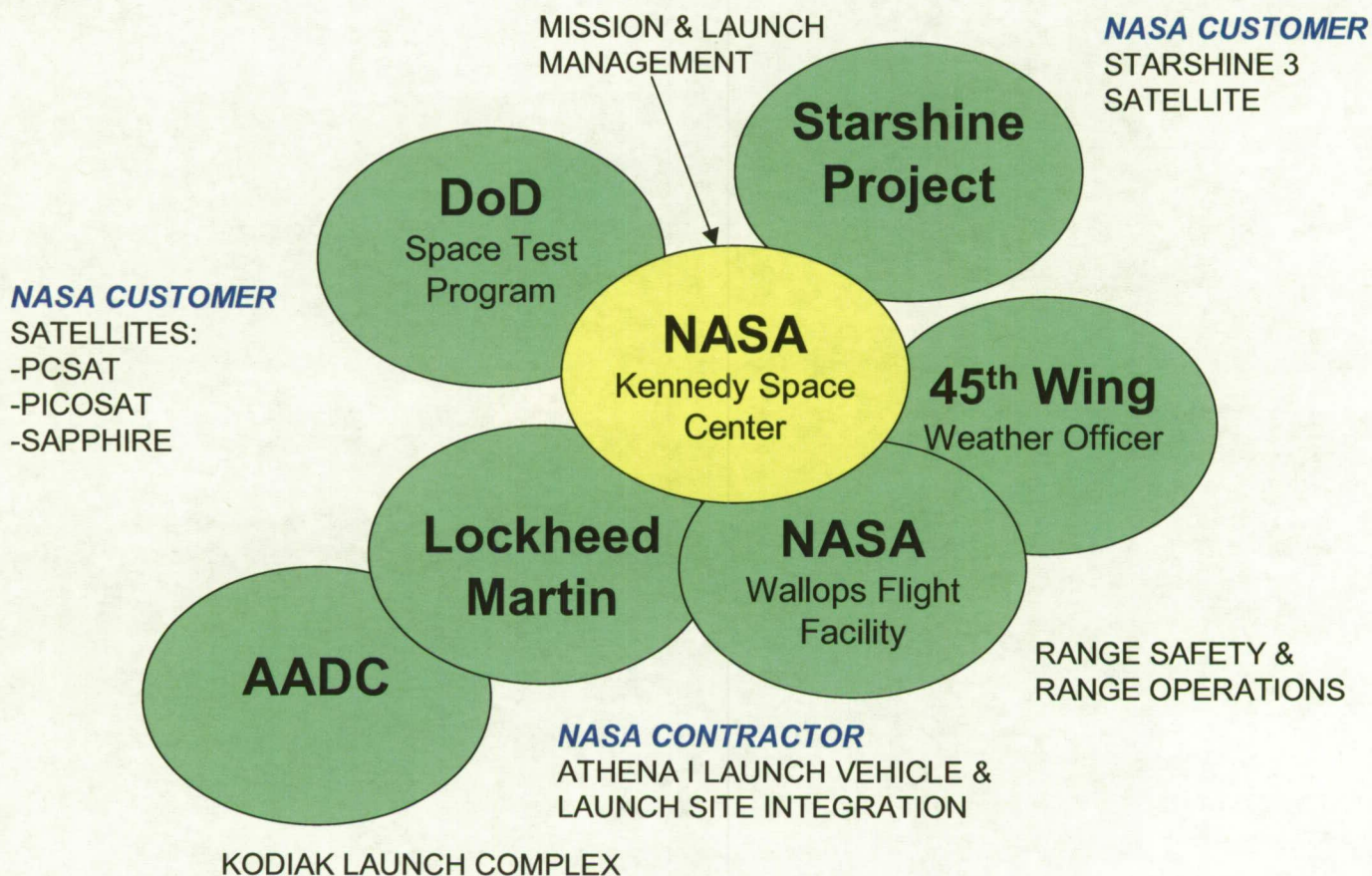
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# The Team



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## Kodiak Star Team Organizations







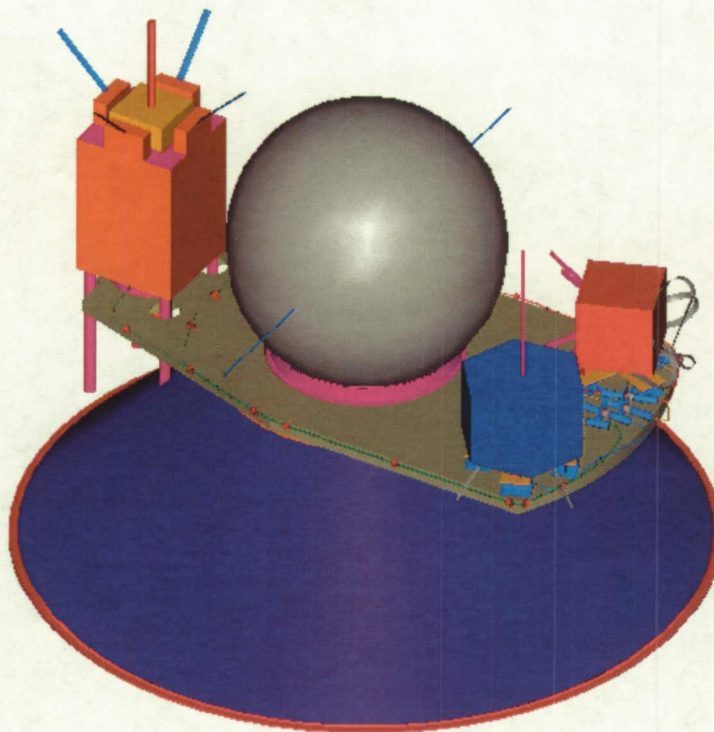
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# The Challenges



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## The Payload Upper Deck





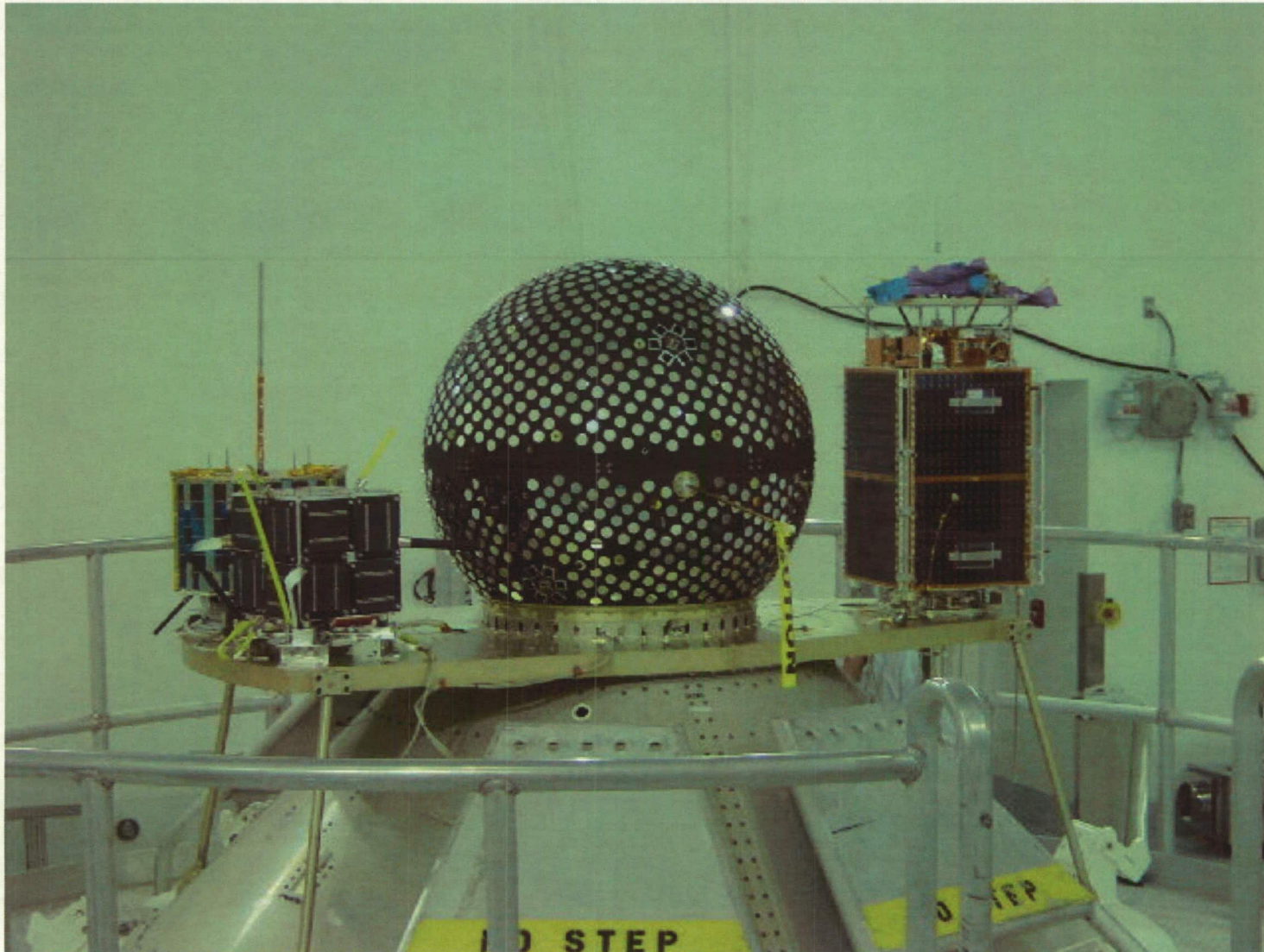


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# The Challenges



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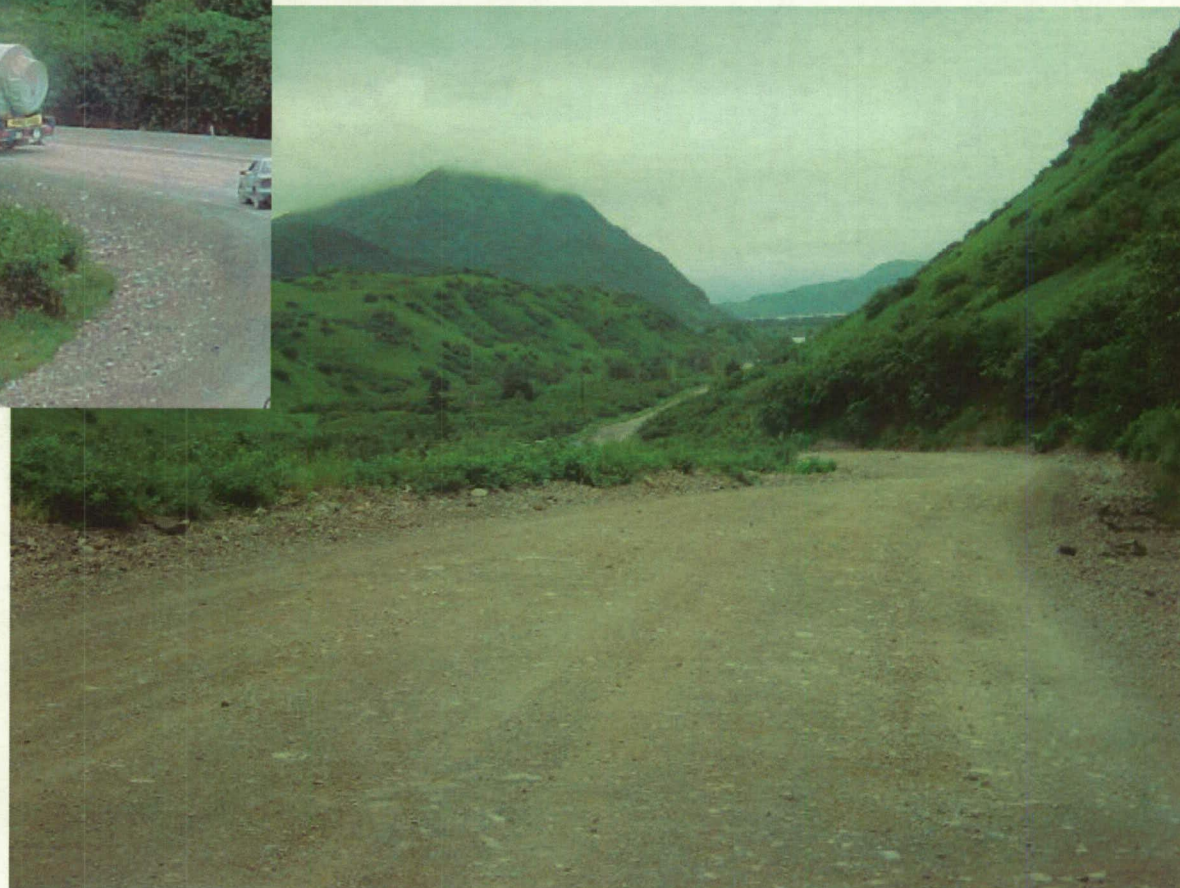
# The Challenges



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## Travel to Launch Site







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# The Challenges



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## Launch Site







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# The Challenges



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## KLC Weather Constraint Status September 2001

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
						1
2 <b>Fishing Day</b>	3	4 Cumulus Cloud Rule Ceiling < 5000 ft	5	6 <b>Fishing Day</b> Ceiling < 5000 ft Dist Wx Rule Thick Cloud Rule	7	8
9 <b>Fishing Day</b> Ceiling < 5000 ft	10 <b>Fishing Day</b> Ceiling < 5000 ft Vis < 2 Miles Dist Wx Rule Thick Cloud Rule	11 <b>Fishing Day</b> Ceiling < 5000 ft Vis < 2 Miles Dist Wx Rule Thick Cloud Rule	12	13 <b>Fishing Day</b> Ceiling < 5000 ft Possible Thick Cloud Rule	14 <b>Fishing Day</b> Ceiling < 5000 ft	15 <b>Fishing Day</b> Ceiling < 5000 ft Thick Cloud Rule
16 <b>Fishing Day</b> Ceiling < 5000 ft Thick Cloud Rule	17 Cumulus Cloud Rule Ceiling < 5000 ft	18	19 <b>Fishing Day</b> Ceiling < 5000 ft	20	21 <b>Fishing Day</b> Winds > 35 kts Ceiling < 5000 ft Vis < 2 Miles Dist Wx Rule Thick Cloud Rule	22
23 <b>Fishing Days</b> Ceiling < 5000 ft	24 <b>Fishing Day</b> Solar Constraint	25 <b>Fishing Day</b> Solar Constraint	26 <b>Fishing Day</b> Solar Constraint	27 <b>Fishing Day</b> Solar Constraint	28 <b>Fishing Day</b> Solar Constraint	29 <b>Launch</b>
30						





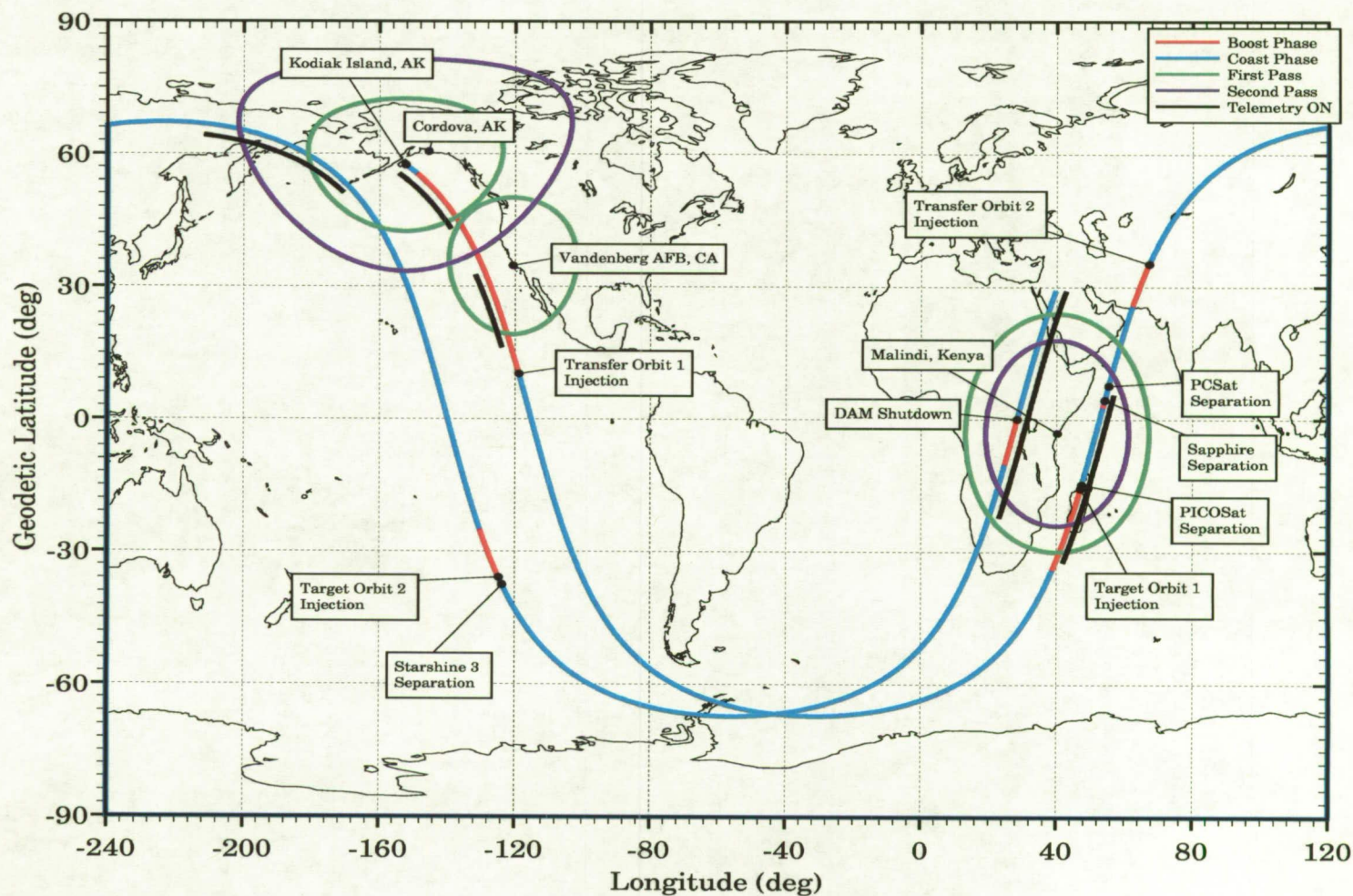
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# The Success



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## Mission Performance







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# The Success



EXPENDABLE LAUNCH VEHICLES

Orbit Injection Accuracy			
Orbital Element	Required Orbit	IMU Derived	NORAD
TARGET ORBIT 1			
Perigee Radius (km)	$7178.1 \pm 20$	7177.5 (-0.6)	7175.9 (-2.2)
Apogee Radius (km)	$7178.1 \pm 20$	7178.2 (+0.1)	7178.4 (+0.3)
Inclination (deg)	$67 \pm 0.3$	67.01(+0.01)	67.04 (+0.04)
TARGET ORBIT 2			
Perigee Radius (km)	6848.1 +30 -NA	6845.6 (-2.5)	6839.2 (-8.9)
Apogee Radius (km)	6848.1 +30 -NA	6850.7 (+2.6)	6852.5 (+4.4)
Inclination (deg)	$67 \pm NA$	67.05	67.06





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# Summary



EXPENDABLE LAUNCH VEHICLES

- The Kodiak Star Mission was very challenging and offers significant lesson for future missions. A multinational fully integrated team had the opportunity to perform a truly first of a kind mission from a new launch complex with a unique manifest of experimental spacecraft. The integration goal of 10-months was met utilizing quick identification of the issues, and determining innovative ways to solve the problems

